Organometallics & InChl

August 2017

The Cambridge Structural Database



- **900,000+** small-molecule crystal structures
- □ Over 60,000 datasets deposited annually
- Enriched and annotated by experts
- □ Structures available for anyone to download
- □ Links to over 1,000 journals



https://dx.doi.org/10.5517/ccdc.csd.cc1p8hq5

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The CSD & InChIs

- **GOAL:** Reliable standard InChI representations to enable intersection of the CSD with e.g. ChemSpider and PubChem
- Based on a subset of 495,751 entries from CSD V5.36, InChIs successfully generated for 108,570 entries - that's just 22%



Order of filtering:

- Not organic
- Multi-component
- InChi alerts
- Stereochemistry Issues

Previously, at the EBI

- Organometallic and coordination compounds: What can we achieve by August?
 - Colin: Determine tasks for stereo package for developer
 - John: Identify supported V2000 extensions, idioms and bugs
 - Andrey: Review examples of advanced normalization and suggest drawing rules



Different Expressions



http://pubs.rsc.org/en/content/articlehtml/2012/dt/c2dt31989f



http://pubs.acs.org/doi/abs/10.1021/om700498w







4M

4Μ

LIMXAH

12%

Reliable Representation

- How best to reliably represent organometallics?
 - dative vs covalent bonds?
 - explicit hydrogens/valencies?
 - dummy atoms?
 - zero-order bonds?

MOL V3000	ACD/Labs MOL V2000 Extensions									
1 = single	м	ZZF	З	1	41	2	42	3	43	PUBCHEM_NONSTANDARDBOND
2 = double	M	ZZH	1	5	2	3	4	5	6	1 Single Bond
3 = triple	М	ZZH	2	5	7	8	9	10	11	2 Double Bond
9 = coordination	М	ZZH	3	5	12	14	15	16	17	3 Triple Bond
10 = hydrogen	М	ZZE	2	42	18	43	18			4 Quadruple Bond
					-	-	_			5 Dative Bond
* excluding query bond types										6 Complex Bond

NH₂

NH₂

-NH_a

NH_a

Accurate Specification of Molecular Structures: The Case for Zero-Order Bonds and Explicit Hydrogen Counting. Alex M. Clark. J. Chem. Inf. Model., 2011, 51 (12), 3149. doi:10.1021/ci200488k Ň H₂N H₃N N N N



7 Ionic Bond

Stereochemistry



Putative Principles

- Chemically-distinct systems should produce distinct InChIs
- A reliable representation for input into the InChI generator is possible without the need for a "delocalised" bond type
- Assume we don't want to reconstruct original structure from the InChI (except via AuxInfo layer)
- Can we retain disconnection and avoid ambiguity?

Session Goals

- Update on progress since EBI
 - normalization/disconnection (Andrey)
 - representation (John)
 - stereochemistry (Ian channelling Colin)
- Identification of next steps
 - do we have enough information to start coding?
 - do we have sufficient test cases?
- Motivational use-cases
 - what positive transformation could organometallic InChI enable?

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Putative Principles

- Chemically-distinct systems should produce distinct InChIs
- A reliable representation for input into the InChI generator is possible without the need for a "delocalised" bond type
- Don't assume we don't want to reconstruct original structure from the InChI (except via AuxInfo layer)
- Can't assume we can retain disconnection and avoid ambiguity

Discussion Summary

- What approach do nomenclature rules take?
 - disconnect, name ligands, represent reconnection
- Disconnection
 - current disconnection rules likely to give rise to ambiguity
 - do we need to disconnect?
 - look more closely at (non-standard) InChI reconnection layer

InChI=1/C6H10O2.Cu/c1-3-6(8)4-5(2)7;/h4,8H,3H2,1-2H3;/q;+1/p-1/b6-4-;/rC6H9CuO2/c1-3-6-4-5(2)8-7-9-6/h4H,3H2,1-2H3

InChI=1/C6H10O2.Cu/c1-3-6(8)4-5(2)7;/h4,7H,3H2,1-2H3;/q;+1/p-1/b5-4-;/rC6H9CuO2/c1-3-6-4-5(2)8-7-9-6/h4H,3H2,1-2H3

Cu

Discussion Summary

• Stereochemistry

- CIP priorities we don't need to go there
- could instead use OpenSMILES approach but perhaps just as hard to implement
- given a priority order, could use Red Book rules to generate configuration indices
- focus on getting the connectivity component sorted first
- External challenges
 - chemists are not consistent in how they draw metal-organic structures
 - tools may not internally represent metal-organic structures the same way
 - identical structures may end up represented different ways in MOL files
 - for now, find input representations that might enable InChI algorithm development



Bond Types and Disconnection

V3000 Coordination Bonds

- Currently coordination bonds are not supported:
 message: type="error (no InChI)" value="Unrecognized bond type: 9"
- pi-Bonding was already discussed
 - proposed to use bonds to every atoms to represent hapta-coordination



KOAWFNMWAQBXOA-UHFFFAOYSA-M

(Spurious H a display artefact)



Normalisation – treat as single bonds





InChI=1S/CH3.BrH.Zn/h1H3;1H;/q;;+1/p-1 SOHOYYHPFIUFDH-UHFFFAOYSA-M InChI=1S/CH2.BrH.Zn/h1H2;1H;/q-1;;+2/p-1 DOJWUFOAVZTCJR-UHFFFAOYSA-M





InChI=1S/4FH.O.Sn/h4*1H;;/q;;;;-1;+3/p-4 KKYRWVTZCFOANR-UHFFFAOYSA-J

InChI=1S/4FH.O.Sn/h4*1H;;/q;;;;+2/p-4 ATUYBIGISSSQTG-UHFFFAOYSA-J

Result for Structure #1, mobile H winchi-1		
<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>H</u> elp		
Open Options << >> Write Result Stop		
Results for 12 components Display Options Choose component Display Input Mobile H Perception Input Structure Preprocessed Include Bonds to Metal Include Bonds to Metal		
Legend: Atom / Atom Id		
FH/ <mark>1</mark> FH/ <mark>1</mark>	FH/ <mark>1</mark>	FH/ <mark>1</mark>
Sn ⁺³ /1 0 ⁷ /1 FH/1	Sn ⁺² /1 0/1	FH/ <mark>1</mark>
FH/1	FH/ <mark>1</mark>	
Proton balance: - 8 H ⁺ message: type="warning" value="Metal was disconnected; Proton(s) added/removed"		
		¢
Ready		NUM //

Si

Stereochemistry

TASK 1: Identify Geometries

- Identify the following geometries around atom centres:
 - octahedral
 - square planar
 - trigonal bipyramidal
 - square pyramidal
- Cover three-dimensional structures first
 - there are test structures provided by CCDC and Elsevier
 - we should be careful about what we distribute with any code developed
- When we cover two-dimensional structures, only cover those drawn with wedged and dashed bonds
 - do not try to infer stereochemistry from flat bonds.









TASK 2: Identify configurations

- There is a labelling scheme that has been documented by OpenSMILES
 - This involves assigning the label for the configuration around a centre based on the order in which the atoms appear in the SMILES string.
- A single square-planar complex can therefore have three different labels according to the order in which the atoms are specified
 - Can this can be extended to the InChI by using the canonical numbering of each atom as its order?





Trigonal Bipyramidal Centers

@TB1 - @TB18

Octahedral Centers

@OH1 - @OH28

TASK 2: Identify configurations

- OpenSMILES approach not the same as implementing IUPAC nomenclature
 - potentially a harder task that involves assigning Cahn-Ingold-Prelog (CIP) priorities
 - there is code in RDKit to yield the CIP priorities but it isn't accessible via the Python wrapper.
- What effect does priming have if we take the SMILES approach?

IR-9.3.5.3 Priming convention

The priming convention is required in order to avoid ambiguity when using the configuration index to describe the stereochemistry of systems that contain either more than one polydentate ligand of a particular kind, or a polydentate ligand that contains more than one coordinating fragment of a particular kind. This situation is found commonly with bis(tridentate) complexes, but also arises in more complicated cases. The need for this convention is best illustrated by example.

